



### Notice of a public meeting of

## Decision Session - Executive Member for Housing and Safer Neighbourhoods

**To:** Councillor Carr (Executive Member)

Date: Monday, 4 April 2016

**Time:** 3.00 pm

**Venue:** The King Richard III Room (GO49) - West Offices

### <u>AGENDA</u>

## **Notice to Members – Post Decision Calling In:**

Members are reminded that, should they wish to call in any item\* on this agenda, notice must be given to Democratic Services by **4:00pm** on Wednesday 6 April 2016.

\*With the exception of matters that have been the subject of a previous call in, require Full Council approval or are urgent which are not subject to the call-in provisions. Any called in items will be considered by the Corporate and Scrutiny Management Policy and Scrutiny Committee.

Written representations in respect of items on this agenda should be submitted to Democratic Services by at **5.00pm** on **Thursday 31 March 2016.** 

#### 1. Declarations of Interest

At this point in the meeting, the Executive Member is asked to declare:

- any personal interests not included on the Register of Interests
- any prejudicial interests or
- any disclosable pecuniary interests
   which he might have in respect of business on this agenda.

### 2. Public Participation

At this point in the meeting, members of the public who have registered their wish to speak at the meeting can do so. The deadline for registering is at **5.00pm** on **Friday 1 April 2016.** Members of the public may register to speak on an item on the agenda or an issue within the Executive Member's remit.

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at the foot of this agenda) in advance of the meeting. The Council's protocol on Webcasting, Filming & Recording of Meetings ensures that these practices are carried out in a manner both respectful to the conduct of the meeting and all those present. It can be viewed at:

https://www.york.gov.uk/downloads/file/6453/protocol\_for\_webca sting\_filming\_and\_recording\_council\_meetingspdf

# 3. Request to consult about the introduction of (Pages 1 - 8) a Public Space Protection Order at West Bank Park and Acomb Green.

This report asks the Executive Member to agree to proceed to public consultations on the potential implementation of Public Space Protection Orders (PSPO) to tackle the problems caused by youths in West Bank Park and Acomb Green.

## **4. Mortgage Rescue Scheme - Mortgage** (Pages 9 - 40) **Breathing Space**

This report asks the Executive Member to agree to the extension of the 'Breathing Space' Mortgage Rescue Scheme to home owners aged 55+ who are not being repossessed as a result of a recent and significant change in circumstances but who are in danger of losing their owned home because their mortgage term is coming to an end and they have not repaid all of the capital borrowing and do not have the means to do so.

### 5. Urgent Business

Any other business which the Executive Member considers urgent under the Local Government Act 1972.

Democracy Officers:
Catherine Clarke and Louise Cook (job share)
Telephone No- 01904 551031
Email- catherine.clarke@york.gov.uk/louise.cook@york.gov.uk

For more information about any of the following please contact the Democratic Services Officers responsible for servicing this meeting:

- Registering to speak
- · Business of the meeting
- Any special arrangements
- Copies of reports and
- For receiving reports in other formats

Contact details are set out above.

This information can be provided in your own language. 我們也用您們的語言提供這個信息 (Cantonese)

এই তথ্য আপনার নিজের ভাষায় দেয়া যেতে পারে। (Bengali)

Ta informacja może być dostarczona w twoim własnym języku. (Polish)

Bu bilgiyi kendi dilinizde almanız mümkündür. (Turkish)

(Urdu) یه معلومات آب کی اپنی زبان (بولی) میں بھی مہیا کی جاسکتی ہیں۔

**T** (01904) 551550





## Decision Session – Executive Member for Housing & 4 April 2016 Safer Neighbourhoods

Report of Assistant Director – Housing & Community Safety

Request to consult about the introduction of a Public Space Protection Order at West Bank Park and Acomb Green.

### **Summary**

1. The purpose of this report is to agree to proceed to public consultations on the potential implementation of Public Space Protection Orders (PSPO) to tackle the problems caused by youths in West Bank Park and Acomb Green. (see appendix 1).

#### Recommendation

2. The Executive Member is asked to approve:

**Option 1** – To agree that the council will undertake a 4 week consultation process with local residents and interested stakeholders to determine whether to introduce a PSPO for West Bank Park and Acomb Green.

Reason: To ensure that the council actively addresses the issue of anti-social behaviour in our communities.

## **Background**

- 3. The Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 came into force on the 20 October 2014 and changed the powers available to local authorities and the police to deal with anti-social behaviour in our communities.
- 4. The Act introduced new powers, including, a Public Spaces Protection Order (PSPO), which is granted by the Local Authority, but can be enforced by either the Local Authority or the Police. A PSPO will allow the council to stop individuals or groups from carrying out acts of anti social behaviour.

- 5. The PSPO serves to protect a public space from persistent or continuing anti-social activity by individuals or groups that is having a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality. Such an order lasts for a period of up to 3 years, with provision for extensions for up to 3 years at a time. The process starts by way of consultation, and after this time, a decision is taken by a Local Authority to grant a PSPO. This power replaces the previous gating orders, designated public place orders (relating to restrictions on alcohol consumption) and dog control orders.
- 6. Breaching the conditions of a PSPO is a criminal offence with the option open to officers to issue a Fixed Penalty Notice (FPN) or to prosecute the breach in the Magistrates Court. Association of Chief Police Officers guidance indicates that all breaches of PSPO and non payment of FPN rests with the Local Authority. Failure to pay a FPN within a given period is likely to lead to prosecution for the original offence.
- 7. West Bank Park is situated between Hamilton Drive, New Lane and Acomb Road. It is a large park that is managed by the council, which has a bowling green. As well as the long established Friends of West Bank Park, there have been recent attempts by West Bank Park Heritage Project to fundraise to remember the work of James Backhouse by transforming the old park-keeper's lodge, and they are looking to create a visitor centre and cafe for families to enjoy.
- 8. Acomb Green is a triangular shaped piece of land with a large play area sited on it. The site is managed by City of York Council, but supported by the Friends of Acomb Green. The area will also include the streets overlooking the green, which is called The Green.
- 9. Possible options that the council could look at introducing through a PSPO include:
  - A ban on people riding bicycles or motorised bikes through West Bank Park;
  - A ban on drinking alcohol in both areas;
  - The ability to remove large groups of 3 or more people who are causing anti social behaviour for both sites;
  - Ensuring that dogs are kept on a lead at West Bank Park (current position) or relaxing this at certain times;
  - Banning the possession of lighters by under 16's in the play area.

### **Options**

- 10. **Option 1** to consult on the introduction of the PSPO which would mean that the Council would have greater powers to deal with antisocial behaviour in these areas.
- 11. **Option 2** Not to consult on the introduction of a PSPO which would restrict the Council's ability to tackle anti-social behaviour in the area

### **Analysis**

- 12. Option 1~ West Bank Park ~ during the course of 2015, there were 34 Anti Social Behaviour (ASB) incidents that North Yorkshire Police (NYP) were called to, of which 27 were classified as youth related. There were also a further 10 criminal incidents. The Neighbourhood Enforcement Officers (NEO's) have received two reports of dogs not being kept on a lead, and one of these resulted in a dog being attacked. The NEO's have also undertaken targeted inspections within the park over the last few months and have identified dogs not on leads, the area is covered through a by-law at present, but there are difficulties in enforcing this, because of the fact that this would need to be prosecuted by the council and the current signage is not adequate at present.
- 13. The table below gives a breakdown of the issues reported in these complaints. In some of the cases, there may be more than one issue highlighted by the member of the public.

| Type of issue           | Number of complaints |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Groups of people        | 26                   |
| Driving mopeds or bikes | 8                    |
| Drinking in the park    | 6                    |

14. There is a higher number of incidents during the summer months, but there are problems throughout the year with groups of young people. Some of the incidents have led to damage to Council buildings within the park. The Public Realm team have tried various initiatives such as anti vandal paint, and removing items which enable individuals to climb on top ofthe buildings, however problems still persist.

- 15. Acomb Green ~ in 2015 NYP were called to 49 incidents, 44 of which were ASB and there were 5 criminal incidents. The incidents are more frequent during the period April to September, and they occur more frequently in the evening.
- 16. The table below gives a breakdown of the issues reported by the members of the public in their complaints.

| Type of Issue                      | Number of Complaints |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Groups of people                   | 33                   |
| Drinking in the area               | 4                    |
| Setting fire to the play equipment | 4                    |

- 17. As with West Bank Park, the green is well used by local residents, both for recreation as well as people walking their dogs.
- 18. Option 2 will restrict the options available to challenge ASB in this area, and will reduce the levels of additional revenue that can be raised to continue to tackle ASB across the city.

#### Consultation

19. Ward Councillors have been advised regarding these requests, and they support the consultation to seek local residents views. Also the Public Realm team have been consulted and support the recommendation to move forward to public consultation.

#### Council Plan

- 20. The introduction of PSPO's in these areas, supports the priority within the new Draft Council Plan of 'A focus on Frontline Services.' To ensure that residents are protected from harm, with a low risk of crime.
- 21. Support servicers are available to those who need them (aim). Residents are protected from harm, with a low risk of crime (aim).

## **Implications**

- 22. The implications arising directly from this report are:
  - **Financial** The cost of undertaking the consultation can be met from within existing budgets.

- Human Resources (HR) None
- **Equalities** There are no equalities implication arising from the decision to consult, a full EIA will be carried out following the consultation should the outcome be to bring forward a PSPO.
- Legal The Council's Legal Services Department have given advice and training to officers in relation to the Act and in relation to the new PSPO powers, have assisted in the drafting of all of the paperwork required to deal with these powers.
- Crime and Disorder Anti-social behaviour is taking place and is having an impact on local residents wishing to use these recreational areas, undertaking this consultation will, subject to the outcome, enable council to reduce ASB in the locality.
- Information Technology (IT) There are no IT implications.
- **Property** There are no property implications.
- Other There are no other implications.

## Risk Management

23. There are no high risks identified.

Contact Details
Author:
Jane Mowat
Head of Community Safety

**Chief Officer: Steve Waddington** 

Assistant Director of Housing & Community Safety

**Report** Approved Date 17<sup>th</sup> March 2016

Wards Affected: List wards or tick box to indicate all All

Holgate, Westfield & Acomb

For further information please contact the author of the report

## **Appendices**

Appendix 1 - Map of the areas covered

## **Abbreviations**

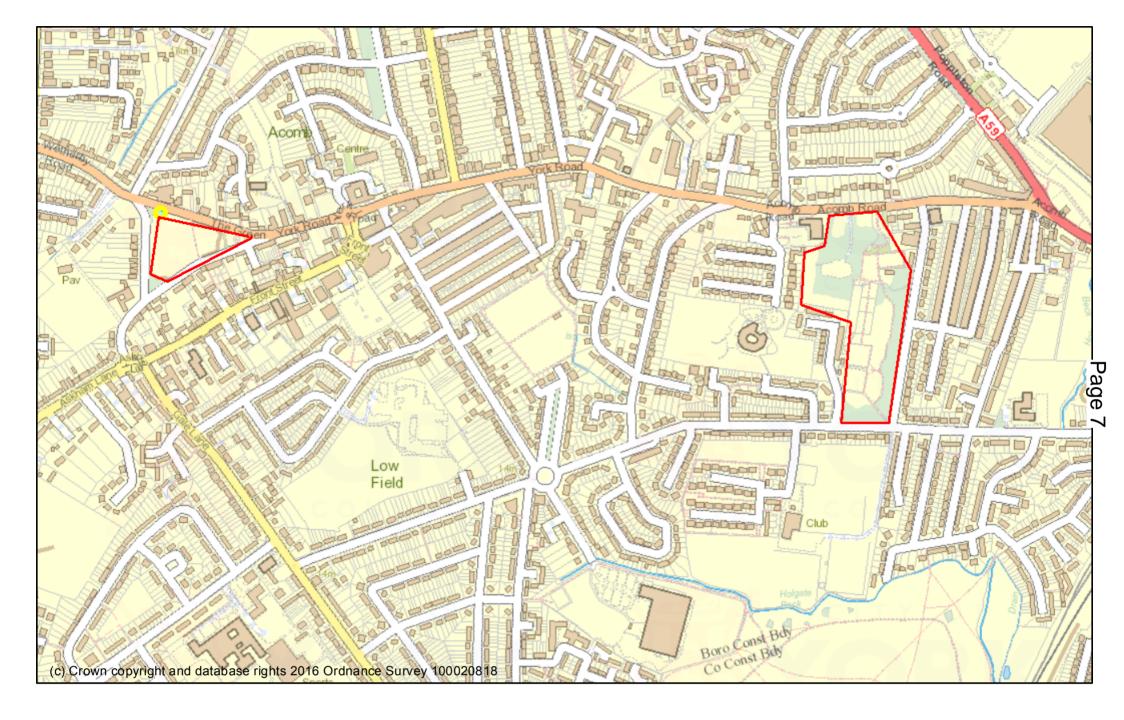
PSPO - Public Space Protection Orders

FPN - Fixed Penalty Notice

ASB – Anti Social Behaviour

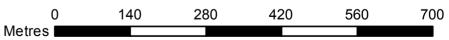
NYP - North Yorkshire Police

NEO - Neighbourhood Enforcement Officers



Map Notes: Date: 22/02/2016

Author:



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## Decision Session- Executive Member for Housing & Safer Neighbourhoods

4 April 2016

Report of the Assistant Director of Housing and Community Safety

## Mortgage Rescue Scheme - 'Mortgage Breathing Space'

### **Summary**

- 1. The 'Mortgage Breathing Space' scheme was developed regionally and is administered by Wakefield Metropolitan Borough Council on behalf of other LA's to address the rise in mortgage repossessions due to the 'Credit Crunch'. Current access to the scheme is for those who are at risk of repossession as a result of a recent and significant change in their circumstances.
- 2. This report proposes the extension to the existing 'Mortgage Breathing Space' Mortgage Rescue Scheme to home owners aged 55+ who are not being repossessed as a result of a recent and significant change in circumstances but who are in danger of losing their owned home because their mortgage term is coming to an end and they have not repaid all of the capital borrowing and do not have the means to do so. Younger people in this position will simply extend their mortgage terms but older borrowers won't be offered an extension.

#### Recommendations

- 3. Executive Member is asked to:
  - Agree Option 1 to agree to the extension of the 'Breathing Space' Mortgage Rescue Scheme to home owners aged 55+ who are not being repossessed as a result of a recent and significant change in circumstances but who are in danger of losing their owned home because their mortgage term is coming to an end and they have not repaid all of the capital borrowing and do not have the means to do so.

Reason: To extend scheme to home owners aged over 55 to continue interest only mortgage repayments to prevent the loss of their home.

## **Background**

- 4. City of York Council historically offered a Mortgage Rescue Scheme in conjunction with partners in Leeds and Harrogate as part of a 'Golden Triangle' initiative. This scheme ceased in 2011
- 5. In 2009 the government launched a national mortgage rescue scheme (MRS). This scheme ceased in 2014
- 6. City of York operates the Wakefield Metropolitan Borough Council (MBC) 'Mortgage Breathing Space Scheme' to assist home owners in mortgage arrears to access a loan, to prevent homelessness and / or to give them a 'breathing space' to sell their home and find alternative accommodation rather than being repossessed.
- 7. Mortgage Breathing Space is now the only mortgage rescue scheme available to York residents
- 8. The current 'Mortgage Breathing Space' scheme provides a loan to clear arrears on mortgages and secured loans, repayable within 3 years, as well as giving up to 12 months' forward payments when needed. The loan to retain the property (as opposed to allow sale before repossession) is premised upon the applicants circumstances being expected to improve in the foreseeable future so they can afford to meet their monthly mortgage contributions and pay an amount toward their loan sufficient to ensure the loan is cleared by the end of the third year.
- 9. The founding principle of the scheme is to help owner occupiers who suddenly find themselves in financial difficulties to stay in their own home and where this is not possible to help them through a controlled move where they can keep more of their property equity.
- 10. 36 households in York have been assisted by mortgage rescue schemes, of which 7 have been assisted through the Mortgage Breathing Space Scheme

|         | Golden triangle<br>Scheme | CLG Scheme | Breathing Space |
|---------|---------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| 2009/10 | 8                         | 3          | N/A             |
| 2010/11 | 2                         | 6          | 0               |
| 2011/12 | N/A                       | 4          | 2               |
| 2012/13 | N/A                       | 5          | 2               |
| 2013/14 | N/A                       | 2          | 1               |
| 2014/15 | N/A                       | N/A        | 2               |

- 11. Many older people have interest only mortgages or some people use it as a form of equity release in their current home and didn't fully understand the consequences. Others are supposed to have a repayment vehicle, such as an endowment policy, but either have failed to maintain it or the policy has under performed. As they are too old to be offered new borrowing they are expected to sell to produce the capital to repay to the lender and if they don't sell they are repossessed, even if the outstanding debt is as small as a few thousand pounds.
- 12. Repossessions have reduced from a high in 2008 of 2500 to under 500 in 2015

### **Current and Ongoing Targets**

13. The Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG) and City of York Council targets for 2015/16 is to reduce (statutory accepted) homelessness by 5% (2015/16 target 98) and numbers in temporarry accommodation to 55 (2015/16 target is 62).

### **Options**

- 14. Option 1 To agree to the extension of the 'Breathing Space' Mortgage Rescue Scheme to to home owners aged 55+ who are not being repossessed as a result of a recent and significant change in circumstances but who are in danger of losing their owned home because their mortgage term is coming to an end and they have not repaid all of the capital borrowing and do not have the means to do so.
- 15. Option 2 That CYC does not adopt the extended 'Mortgage Breathing Space Scheme' but retains the existing scheme which can only help those who are at risk of repossession as a result of a recent and significant change in circumstances.

## **Analysis**

- Option 1 Wakefield MBC have highlighted the following benefits to the extended scheme
  - help can be offered to homeowners who do not currently qualify under the eligibility criteria
  - staving off potential repossessions will support the reduction of homelessness within the authority
  - there will be an opportunity to test the equity release market as a possible means for homeowners to resolve mortgage difficulties and potentially plan for a financially independent future.

- this approach may allow residents to stay living independently in their own homes for longer or even indefinitely. .
- 17. Under the current Breathing Space Scheme policy, applicants can access a loan only where the cause of the financial difficulties they are find themselves in, is due to a recent and significant change e.g. illness or unemployment. Under the current scheme therefore residents in a shortfall position due to their interest free mortgage ending do not qualify for help, because their change in circumstances has occurred over a number of years and is not recent.
- 18. Currently older homeowners who come to an end of an interest only mortgage where they have no vehicle to repay their mortgage or are facing a shortfall are not eligible for help. The proposal seeks to widen the eligibility to older home owners in this situation where they have limited opportunities to re-finance and would otherwise face homelessness through repossession action by their lender. The proposal will then offer a secured loan designed to stave off legal action and give the owner time to implement a long term solution to their housing difficulty. The proposal seeks to extend scheme to allow help to homeowners aged 55 or over with an endowment shortfall on their mortgage
- 19. The extension scheme will still offer secured loans of between £2,000 to a maximum of £15,000. The loan limit was initially set during the pilot project in 2008 to minimise risk on the project budget and was endorsed when the regional project was launched in 2009.
- 20. A detailed explanation of how the proposal will operate is shown in Apendadix 1 (Wakefield MBC documents) but in summary applications will be dealt with in the following ways:
  - Loans to fully redeem any mortgage shortfalls that are £15,000 or less will be considered. The client will either repay on monthly terms, or repay in full as a result of releasing equity or from the proceeds of a property sale.
  - Loans to provide a lump sum payment to lenders in return for an agreement to suspend any legal action for a period of 12 months will be considered where mortgage shortfalls are higher than £15,000. The client will either repay their loan in full as a result of releasing equity or from the proceeds of a property sale.
  - The repayment options protect the project budget and ensure that it can be recycled to help new applicants, further extending the life of the project. It should be noted that there may be some applicants for whom none of these repayment options is viable and whom the

scheme will not be able to help e.g. where the client does not have any equity.

21. Option 2 – If the council choose not to agree to the extension of the scheme and retain the existing criteria, we would not be able to help those individuals / households who would qualify for the extended scheme.

#### Council Plan

- 22. This will provide a mortgage rescue service to those over 55 and would contribute to Council aims as:
  - Residents can access affordable homes while the greenbelt and unique character of the city is protected
  - Delivering frontline services for residents is the priority
  - Support services are available to those who need them
  - Focus on the delivery of frontline services for residents and the protection of community facilities

## **Implications**

- 23. The implications arising directly from this report are:
  - Financial Implications There are no financial implications to CYC
    as there are no requirements for partners to underwrite loans or take
    on any bad debt provision on their ledgers.
  - **Equalities Implications** A community impact assessment has been completed by Wakefield MBC highlighting benefit to older people.
  - Legal Implications There are no legal implications for CYC
  - **Human resources –** There are no HR implications
  - ICT There are no ICT implications
  - Crime and Disorder There are no Crime and Disorder implications
  - **Property** There are no Property implications
  - Other There are no other implications

## Risk Management

24. There is no risk to CYC in agreeing the recommendations set out in the report.

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### **Contact Details**

Author: Chief Officer Responsible for the report:

Becky Ward Steve Waddington

Service Manager, Housing Assistant Director, Housing and Community Options and Homelessness Safety

Communities and

Neighbourhoods Report Date 21<sup>st</sup> March 2016 Approved

Wards Affected: List wards or tick box to indicate all ✓

## For further information please contact the author of the report

#### **Annexes**

Appendix 1 - Wakefield MBC report and impact assessment

### **Abbreviations**

MRS - Mortgage Rescue Scheme DCLG - The Department for Communities and Local Government CYC - City of York Council

| wakefieldcouncil working for you       | REPORT TO<br>CABINET<br>TO BE HELD ON<br>8 MARCH 2016 |                                      |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
|  | Key Decision<br>Forward Plan Ref No                   | YES<br>ID 1372/1215                  |
| Strategic Theme: Caring for our People | Portfolio   | Regeneration &<br>Economic<br>Growth |
|  | Relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee(s)           | Regeneration &<br>Economic<br>Growth |

**REPORT OF: Corporate Director, Regeneration and Economic Growth** 

WARDS AFFECTED: All

1. SUBJECT: MORTGAGE BREATHING SPACE LOAN SCHEME

#### 2. PURPOSE OF REPORT

2.1 To advise Cabinet on the financial issues facing some older residents who have an interest only mortgages. To outline a proposal through the established Mortgage Breathing Space scheme to help reduce the risk of them losing their home

#### 3. RECOMMENDATIONS

- 3.1 That approval is given:
  - a) to introduce an extension to the current Mortgage Breathing Space scheme
  - b) to extend the advice sought through Independent Financial Advisors as part of the Mortgage Breathing Space loan application to allow residents to look at their longer term options.

#### 4. WHAT DOES THIS MEAN FOR THE DISTRICT?

THIS REPORT AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION ARE OPEN TO INSPECTION BY MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC.

4.1 There are a number of older residents in the district who have interest only mortgages which are due to end and who do not have the means to pay back some or all of the amount they originally borrowed. This may put them at risk of losing their home and unfortunately they do not currently qualify for help through the existing Mortgage Breathing Space scheme. This means that little help exists to protect them from potential eviction.

Extending the Mortgage Breathing Space policy will allow more residents to access help to prevent homelessness and give them greater stability, security and peace of mind. Advice through an Independent Financial Advisor forms part of the loan process but an extension of this may also provide these people with additional options by releasing the equity they have built up in their home, using it to meet future living and property expenses and allowing them to remain in their own homes for longer or indefinitely.

#### 5. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- The current Mortgage Breathing Space scheme gives an interest and repayment free secured loan to clear arrears on mortgages and secured loans, as well as giving up to 12 months' forward payments when needed. The founding principle of the scheme is to help owner occupiers who suddenly find themselves in financial difficulties to stay in their own home and where this is not possible to help them through a controlled move where they can keep more of their property equity. This is not only a better solution for the client but is more cost effective for the Council than dealing with the effects of homelessness.
- All clients who are offered help through the existing scheme **must** receive independent financial advice (IFA) before progressing to a loan. Currently they find and choose their own independent financial advisor from the IFA website, which the Council signposts them to. All IFAs on this site are Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) accredited.

#### 5.3 Problems faced by some older home owners

- 5.3.1 It is estimated that nationally over 1 million home owners face a shortfall on their endowment policies. Lenders have written to these home owners over the years highlighting shortfalls and advising them to seek help to resolve problems. However, it is anecdotally reported that about 10% may not have solutions.
- 5.3.2 New lending rules from April 2014 mean it is now far more difficult for older owners to access credit which will limit their options if they have a mortgage shortfall and in addition, older residents may find it more difficult to find employment, following redundancy or loss of job.

#### 6. THE PROPOSAL

Onder the current Breathing Space Scheme policy, applicants can access a loan only where the cause of the financial difficulties they are find themselves in, is due to a recent and significant change e.g. illness or unemployment. Under the current scheme therefore residents in a shortfall position due to their interest free mortgage ending do not qualify for help, because their change in circumstances has occurred over a number of years and is not recent.

The proposal seeks to run an extension scheme alongside the current loan product, which will extend the current eligibility criteria to help homeowners aged 55 or over with an endowment shortfall on their mortgage.

The extension scheme will still offer secured loans of between £2,000 to a maximum of £15,000. The loan limit was initially set during the pilot project in 2008 to minimise risk on the project budget and was endorsed when the regional project was launched in 2009.

A detailed explanation of how the proposal will operate is shown at Appendix 1 but in summary applications will be dealt with in the following ways:

- 1. Loans to fully redeem any mortgage shortfalls that are £15,000 or less will be considered. The client will either repay on monthly terms, or repay in full as a result of releasing equity or from the proceeds of a property sale.
- 2. Loans to provide a lump sum payment to lenders in return for an agreement to suspend any legal action for a period of 12 months will be considered where mortgage shortfalls are higher than £15,000. The client will either repay their loan in full as a result of releasing equity or from the proceeds of a property sale.
- 6.3 The repayment options protect the project budget and ensure that it can be recycled to help new applicants, further extending the life of the project. It should be noted that there may be some applicants for whom none of these repayment options is viable and whom the scheme will not be able to help e.g. where the client does not have any equity.

A copy of the proposed policy for the adjusted scheme is attached at Appendix 2 and illustrations of how the pilot might work are at Appendix 3.

6.4 Currently, all clients receiving a Breathing Space loan help are referred for independent financial advice (IFA). This is because the Council is not a lender and giving advice would otherwise require registration with the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA). The role of IFA is crucial to ensure that the client does not have other options that would better suit their situation. Under the proposal, clients will receive IFA on any loan proposal but may also seek advice on wider financial products such as

equity release or pension release.

6.5 Where financial advice results in financial products being bought by a client, IFAs' charges are based on a flat rate fee or on a percentage of the financial services the client takes. It is important to provide a formal separation between the Council and the Equity Release (ER) process (or indeed any other financial products sold) and to remove any link that the Council might have either directly or indirectly endorsed the IFA or the advice received.

Such a perception could potentially result in reputational risk, if clients returned to the Council for further support services in the future and previous financial decisions were challenged.

The proposal will not endorse or recommend particular IFAs and clients will be signposted to accredited sites where they can source their own Advisor. This is the procedure that is currently in place.

Any payments made by the scheme to the IFA will be restricted only to advice given on any loan that the Mortgage Breathing Space extension scheme gives. It is envisaged that this approach will clearly sever any perceived link and mitigate this risk.

The client group who will become eligible for the extended scheme are considered to be much less vulnerable than the other Breathing Space clients as they may have substantial equity that they will be releasing either through equity release or sale, or income levels that will allow them to repay their loan on monthly terms. These clients are struggling because they have an absence of financial product alternatives and are facing action because they cannot get finance elsewhere due to their age/retired status etc.

It is appropriate therefore to recoup some of the costs incurred in the loan process from them, which will replenish the funding available and allow the Council to deliver help for a longer period. Additional information on which costs will be recouped are outlined within appendix 1.

There are potential wider, very positive opportunities arising from utilising equity release for older homeowners, for example to fund repairs and adaptations to their properties and meeting other living and wellbeing expenses moving forward. Testing the opportunities created by equity release in a controlled way through the operation of the extended Breathing Space scheme will allow the scheme managers to identify any benefits and issues that might arise from this and allow for further work to be undertaken.

#### 7. OPTIONS APPRAISAL

### 7.1 **Option 1**

#### Do nothing

#### **Benefits**

• There are no benefits to this option

#### Risks

- older homeowners coming to the end of an interest only mortgage and facing a shortfall will not be eligible for any help.
- this may result in increased homelessness following repossession action from lenders. Some of these clients may have an obligation for re-housing through the Council. There will be a cost implication for those supported.
- the costs associated with re-housing older people have the potential to be higher in the longer term due to increased risks around mental health and subsequent potential need for care.

#### 7.2 Option 2 - the preferred option

#### Implement the extension proposal

#### **Benefits**

- help can be offered to homeowners who do not currently qualify under the eligibility criteria
- staving off potential repossessions will support the reduction of homelessness within our District
- there will be an opportunity to test the equity release market as a possible means for homeowners to resolve mortgage difficulties and potentially plan for a financially independent future.
- this approach may allow residents to stay living independently in their own homes for longer or even indefinitely. .

#### Risks

 early equity release products were unregulated and, although these products are now regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority, there are still some residual concerns that could result in a potential reputational risk to the Council, if a complaint were levied. These are outlined at 10.1, including details on how it is proposed to manage this risk.

#### 7.3 **Option 3**

Relax the current scheme policy to allow the proposed client group to access loans without introducing a new extension project

#### **Benefits**

- help can be offered to homeowners who do not currently qualify under the current eligibility criteria
- staving off potential repossession will support the reduction of homelessness within our District

#### Risks

- help will be restricted to those homeowners with a shortfall of £15,000 or less and only where redemption of the outstanding mortgage exists.
- any residents will shortfalls higher than £15,000 will not be eligible for help.
- there will be no opportunity for clients to receive a wider package of financial advice or to test the equity release market
- there will be no opportunity to potentially recover costs back to the project

#### 8. STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

Endorsement of the extension scheme will support the corporate objective of Caring for our People by providing help to the over 55s to allow them to remain in their own homes and avoid repossession.

#### 9. ENGAGEMENT

9.1 The Mortgage Breathing Space scheme is administered by Wakefield, who holds the ring-fenced capital budget on behalf of 18 partner Local Authorities across the Yorkshire and Humber region. The scheme partners have been consulted about the proposed changes and have endorsed the principle of a scheme extension to widen the available client base who could be helped.

#### 10. CORPORATE IMPLICATIONS

#### 10.1. Potential risks to the Council

Early equity release products were unregulated, had a poor reputation and received bad press. However, strict regulation through the Equity Release Council, a trade body, was established to combat this and the worst offending companies were removed from the market. Since then the reputation has improved dramatically and equity release grew by 29% between 2013 and 2014 and continues to grow. This is further endorsed as Age UK have recently launched an equity release product.

However, the legacy of some bad practices from early equity release schemes in the 1990s remains. The highest level of reported complaints are made by extended family about perceived "mis-selling" resulting in lost or dwindling inheritance.

This could potentially pose a reputational risk for the Council as clients may not distinguish between the independent advice being given and the client relationship with the Council. By maintaining a clear separation between the role of the IFA in advising on wider financial matters and the role of the Council in terms of removing the homelessness risk, this will allow risk mitigation. IFA referral will be on the basis of advising on any loan product being suggested and will be

clearly articulated in correspondence.

In addition, any clients who are taking advice on equity release will be strongly advised to consult with their families to give the IFA the opportunity to explain matters more fully if required.

#### 10.2 Financial Implications

- The Council received a grant of £2m in 2009/10 to provide interest free Mortgage Breathing Space loans. In addition to providing loans this funding also covers staffing costs for the officers involved in the administration of the scheme and a 'grant' element to fund fees associated with the loan. The current available funding is £907k, with £526k of loans outstanding. Any repayments are added back into the pot of funding available. The average totals over the last 4 years are:
  - Loans agreed £209k per annum
  - Administration costs, including fees, £116k
- 10.2.2 Under the current policy the Mortgage Breathing Space funds the following costs for each application:
  - Valuation for the property
  - Costs of IFA advice in realtion to the Mortgage Breathing Space loan
  - Land registry and legal costs (£275)

The estimated total cost of these is circa £700. The proposal is to pass all of these on to the new client group, on the basis that they are not considered as vulnerable as the mainstream Mortgage Breathing Space clients and thus are more able to accommodate these costs.

- There may be varying circumstances and thus the proposed policy includes provision for slightly different arrangements regarding the IFA fee. These are set in appendix 1 of this report.
- The recommended option should assist some of the district's older residents who may otherwise be at risk of losing their homes and as a result may become an added pressure for the Council.

#### 10.3 **Legal Implications**

Given the estimated value of services to be paid for by the Council under these arrangements it is not anticipated that the Council's Contract Procedure Rules will apply, however, this will be kept under review. The Localism Act 2011 provides the Council with a power to make provision for the loans and enter into the necessary legal agreements with successful applicants. The Localism Act 2011 also provides the Council with a power to charge (on a cost recovery basis) a person for discretionary services that the person has agreed to being provided with

#### 10.4 **Equality Implications**

The extension of the current Mortgage Breathing Space scheme has been considered in the context of the Local Authorities' Public Sector Equality Duties under the Equality Act 2010. The extension scheme is initially aimed at older home owners, because of the increased difficulties they face in accessing mainstream credit. Younger homeowners have opportunities to re-finance and access mainstream credit that are not available to older home owners, so their likelihood of facing repossession are reduced. An equality impact assessment has been completed and is attached as an Appendix to the report. The impact assessment sets out which groups will be adversely affected by the proposal and what measures are being taken to mitigate/reduce the effects of the negative impact.

#### 10.5 **Information Governance Implications**

No additional impacts are expected.

#### 10.6 Other implications

Procurement comment here.

#### 11. RECOMMENDATIONS

- 11.1 That approval is given:
  - a) to introduce an extension to the current Mortgage Breathing Space scheme
  - b) to extend the advice sought through Independent Financial Advisors as part of the Mortgage Breathing Space loan application to allow residents to look at their longer term options.

#### 12. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

By introducing an extension scheme older residents will be able to access help that will allow them to stave off repossession action and prevent homelessness. This in turn will reduce the number of approaches to the Council for residents facing legal action and repossession.

Testing of equity release as a longer term option for residents to plan for their current and future needs will both allow them to potentially remain living as independently as possible for as long as possible, and help the Council to understand the benefits and issues arising from this type of financial product.

**Service Director:** Sarah Pearson, Economic Growth and Strategic Housing,

Regeneration and Economic Growth

**Contact Officers:** Janet Howley, Lead Officer, Strategy and Initiatives

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#### **Appendices**

Appendix 1 – The Proposal rationale and application process

Appendix 2 - Proposed policy for the pilot project

Appendix 3 - Case studies illustrating how the project might work

#### **Background Papers:**

Cabinet report August 2009, ADMINISTRATION OF 'BREATHING SPACE' (A REGIONAL MORTGAGE RESCUE SCHEME), Current Mortgage Breathing Space Policy and Terms and Conditions

### APPENDIX 1 – THE PROPOSED EXTENSION

|    | Extending the existing Mortgage Breathing Space scheme eligibility criteria  |
|----|--|
| 1. | It is proposed to extend the current Mortgage Breathing Space scheme to include residents aged 55 or over who are facing shortfalls on their interest only mortgages. The over 55 age group has been chosen as this is the minimum age at which individuals can release equity from their homes.   |
| 2. | Where the client has a shortfall on their interest only mortgage that is less than £15,000, redemption of the outstanding mortgage by way of a Breathing Space loan will be considered. This will stabilise the household and remove the immediate risk of homelessness. As part of the loan process, the client will receive advice from an Independent Financial Advisor (IFA) who will advise on the implications of taking out the loan and also give wider advice on repayment options. |
| 3. | Repayment of the loan will be via the following methods:   |
|    | <ul> <li>Monthly payments if the household budget shows it is affordable. This will start within one month of loan completion.</li> <li>Repayment in full following successful equity release.</li> <li>If repayment on monthly terms is not affordable, the client will sell their property to remove the equity and repayment in full made from the proceeds of sale</li> </ul>  |
| 4. | Redemption of the mortgage removes the risk of homelessness and stops the high level of costs that clients are charged during legal action. If a property sale is needed the client has time to sell at market value and make a structured move to more suitable accommodation. More importantly, it preserves the equity within their home allowing them to take this money with them to fund their living costs going forward, reducing the potential costs to a range of public services. |
| 5. | Where a client has a shortfall of more than £15,000, negotiations with the lender will identify a suitable loan offer (initially 10% of the outstanding balance to a maximum of £15,000). In return, the lender will agree not to pursue legal action for 12 months and costs and charges will be stopped. This will give time for the client to plan without facing homelessness through repossession action.   |
| 6. | Repayment of the loan will be via the following methods:   |
|    | <ul> <li>Equity release following advice from an IFA to repay the outstanding mortgage in full and any loan provided and costs covered by the project.</li> <li>If equity release is not viable, the client can market their property for sale. The loan payment secures time to achieve a sale at market value without fear of facing litigation and homelessness. The outstanding mortgage plus loan payment and associated costs would be repaid from the proceeds of sale.</li> </ul>    |

7. The current and proposed loan processes are shown below:

| CURRENT PROJECT            |                                      |                          |                                 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Step 1                     | Step 2                               | Step 3                   | Step 4                          |
| Breathing Space team       | If eligible, loan offer in principle | All clients referred for | If on the advice of the IFA the |
| assessment of              | is made                              | IFA on the               | client is happy                 |
| eligibility for the scheme |                                      | loan offer               | to proceed,<br>then the loan is |
|                            |                                      |                          | finalised                       |

| PROPOSAL        |                      |  |  |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Step 1          | Step 2 Step 3 Step 4 |  | Step 4   |
| Same as with    | Same as with         | Same as  | Same as  |
| current project | current project      | current project plus IFA reviews long term financial position and options including equity and pension release | current project plus IFA may arrange further financial products for client |

- 8. In the extended scheme clients will continue to be referred to seek independent financial advice on the Mortgage Breathing Space loan element but also potentially on a wide range of products including equity release. The purpose of this is to allow them to make an informed decision on funding their longer term future as well as dealing with immediate mortgage issues.
- 9. The proposed extension client group, people 55 or over with substantial equity in their homes differs from the residents supported through the current scheme. Current clients have generally suffered an income shock which has resulted in them going into arrears and facing repossession action. For them any additional charges are unaffordable, which is why the Breathing Space scheme grant covers the administration charges, valuation costs, legal fees and charges for securing and removing any loan charge.

To achieve this, it is proposed that the grant given under the current policy be revised for these new clients. Currently, excluding staff costs, each loan processed through the project incurs set up costs in the region of £700.

- 10. It is proposed to pass on the costs of the property valuation, any specific IFA advice received on the Mortgage Breathing Space loan and the legal costs associated with loan contracts and securing and removing the legal charge. It is proposed to operate on the following basis:
  - Where the client receives wide ranging advice and takes advantage of other financial products e.g. equity release, pension release, bonds etc, the IFA will receive no payment from the Breathing Space

scheme. The IFA will be expected to provide advice on the Mortgage Breathing Space loan element free of charge, and rely on the fees charged for the wider services. As equity release or other products purchased will directly affect the loan required, this can be monitored to ensure best value is achieved for the scheme. Repayment of the loan and the associated costs will occur when equity release completes and clears all secured charges on the property.

- Where the client cannot access wider financial products through the IFA but has equity, a loan may be given to allow them to sell their property, take their equity and make a planned move. The client will only receive advice on the Mortgage Breathing Space loan, so fixed IFA fees will be paid initially by the scheme, as per current working practices. However the cost of the IFA, plus the valuation and legal charges will then be passed on to the client, to be recouped from the proceeds of the sale of the property.
- If a client does not need to access wider financial products and can afford to repay the Breathing Space loan without releasing equity, the costs of the IFA, valuation and legal charges will be passed on to them, and built into their monthly repayment charge. Repayment on a monthly basis will be made by the client at a figure that is affordable to their budget.
- Particularly vulnerable clients arrangements to protect the most vulnerable clients from hardship in respect of the proposed fee recovery will continue through the Special Cases Panel as per the current scheme. However all clients will have some equity within their property so the number of cases where fees might be waived is expected to be very small.

## APPENDIX 2 - POLICY FOR THE MORTGAGE BREATHING SPACE SCHEME EXTENSION – "MORTGAGE BREATHING SPACE 55+"

#### **PREFACE**

The Council is participating in a regional scheme called Breathing Space. The scheme facilitates the provision of loans in accordance with powers given under S1 Localism Act 2011 in respect of the provision loans for people within the Council district who are coming to the end of their interest only mortgage and have a shortfall or no means of repayment to their mortgage. The Mortgage Breathing Space scheme is administered by Wakefield Metropolitan District Council (WMDC) on behalf of local authorities in Yorkshire and Humberside.

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 The Mortgage Breathing Space scheme aims to prevent homelessness and to support homeownership where it is considered that it will be sustainable on a long term basis. The scheme will provide loans to owner-occupiers/Applicants in difficulty as a result of interest only mortgages coming to an end where there is a shortfall. The scheme will also provide support and access to financial, housing and debt advice.
- 1.2 The Mortgage Breathing Space Loan (the Loan) is an interest free, loan which is secured against the property. Its purpose is to help Applicants to avoid repossession of their home.
- 1.3 Applicants will be required to take independent financial advice on their current financial circumstances. The Mortgage Breathing Space Loan will not be the best option for everyone.
- 1.4 Successful applicants will be required to take part in 3 monthly reviews of their financial circumstances throughout their loan period
- 1.5 The Loan is due for repayment as specified within the loan contract. This will either be on monthly terms for 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 years or immediate repayment in full as a result of releasing capital from the equity within the property. The Loan also becomes due for repayment in full if the property is sold or there is a breach of the agreement. Breaches of the agreement include (but are not exhaustive):
  - Sub-letting the property without notifying Wakefield Council
  - No buildings insurance in place on the property
  - A failure to engage
  - A refusal to undertake regular reviews
  - The property being left empty for more than 30 days without good reason or notification to Wakefield Council
- 1.6 The Loan will be appropriate where there is a reasonable expectation that the Applicant will be able to sustain home ownership in the longer term after the period of assistance provided by the Loan.
- 1.7 The Loan may also be considered in circumstances where time is needed to allow for the sale of the property and a planned move to alternative accommodation. An

application in these circumstances will only be considered/ progressed where the Applicant has placed their home on the market for sale at or around the independent valuation provided.

1.8 As part of the Breathing Space scheme the Council and Wakefield Council will provide support including financial capability and budgeting support, to maximise the possibility that the Applicant will be able to retain the property when the loan assistance ends.

#### 2. Amount of loan

- 2.1 The maximum amount of the loan available is £15, 000. The minimum amount is £2,000.
- 2.2 In calculating the loan assistance that can be offered, Wakefield Council will take into account the total balance outstanding on the prior mortgage or secured loans at the date of the loan application. Alternatively the Loan may be based on the redemption figure of the mortgage and/or secured loan or the loan which is subject to the charging order, if this is below the maximum loan amount.
- 2.3 The Loan can provide assistance in respect of a first mortgage, or second or subsequent mortgage, secured loan or to redeem a charging order. The Loan can be used towards more than one mortgage, but the total cannot exceed the maximum loan limit of £15,000.

#### 3 Eligibility Criteria

The Applicant must satisfy the following criteria to be considered for the Loan:

- 3.1 The Applicant must have an owner's interest in the property on which the mortgage is secured. All legal owners of the property must agree to accept joint and several liability for the loan.
- 3.2 The Applicant must be resident at the property and this must be their only home. Where there are joint owners, it is sufficient in certain circumstances to be approved by Wakefield Council or the Special Cases Panel that only one of them fulfils this condition.
- 3.3 **The Applicant has sufficient equity in the property.** The maximum value for all secured borrowing, including the Breathing Space Loan must not exceed 90% of the property value. Where the applicant is within the repayment period of the Right to Buy discount, this will be taken into account as secured borrowing.
- 3.4 The Applicant is coming to the end of their interest only mortgage where a shortfall exists, or a charging order is forcing legal action. The client is unable to repay their mortgage or loan instalments and so is about to incur charges associated with legal recovery by their lender.
- 3.5 The cause of difficulties must be due to an inability to repay the mortgage balance or shortfall, resulting from an interest free mortgage coming to an end. The Loan is not intended to assist those with issues of long term debt and money mis-management. Wakefield Council will have sole discretion to decide whether this criteria has been met by the Applicant.

- 3.6 The Applicant has received recent advice on their financial situation. Advice can be obtained from an advice agency, e.g. Citizens Advice Bureau, who can discuss all options.
- 3.7 The Applicant does not have the immediate financial resources to repay their mortgage shortfall or balance. A financial assessment will be undertaken to determine this and other options will be considered before a loan is offered.
- 3.8 There must be an expectation that the Applicant will be able to meet any secured loan repayments associated with the Loan, or will place the property on the market either prior to a loan being provided or during the loan period if circumstances change for the worse or do not improve. This will be assessed by the loan officer on the facts of the case, taking into account potential increases in income or reductions in expenditure. Wakefield Council will carry out a credit reference search and will take into account the whole of the Applicant's financial situation in deciding whether a Loan is appropriate.

#### 4 Conditions

- 4.1 The Applicant will be eligible for one Loan only.
- 4.2 The Applicant will be required to obtain independent financial advice before they enter into the Loan with Wakefield Council.
- 4.3 The Applicant must agree to receive debt counselling and money advice during the loan application process.
- 4.4 The Applicant must agree to 3 monthly review meetings to monitor their financial situation. The client must agree to provide review information and sign consent to allow Wakefield Council to engage with lenders and other creditors. If appropriate, the Applicant must agree to receive wider additional money advice.
- 4.5 The Loan will be secured on the property by registering a Legal Charge at Nottingham (West) District Land Registry.
- 4.6 All owners of the property must be party to the application for it to be considered.
- 4.7 Adequate building insurance for the property must be maintained during the Loan period and a copy provided to Wakefield Council if required.
- 4.8 The property must be kept in good repair throughout the Loan period.
- 4.9 The applicant (or, in Exceptional Cases of a joint application, one of the applicants) will occupy the property as his or her only residence throughout the loan period. The property must not be left empty for over 6 months without an appropriate reason and must be notified to Wakefield Council. Sub-letting of the property is not permitted without the permission of Wakefield Council.
- 4.10 The loan must be repaid in full either by way of monthly instalments, as a lump sum repayment following capital release from the property's equity or following sale of the property. Where the property is in joint ownership and is subsequently transferred to one of those owners singularly then Wakefield Council should be informed. The Special Cases Panel in its sole discretion will decide whether this disposal will be an exempt disposal.

- 4.11 If there is a breach of the above conditions 4.4, 4.7, 4.8, or 4.9, the owner/s shall on demand from the Council repay the full loan or lesser amount decided by the Panel in its absolute discretion as being reasonable in the circumstances.
- 4.12 Where the home is jointly owned all the owners will be jointly and severally liable to pay the loan in full.
- 4.13 Wakefield Council shall be entitled to demand immediate payment of the loan together with all other sums then owing but unpaid, upon the happening of any of the following events:
  - If in the event of the applicant's death the property has not been sold or loan repaid within a period of 18 months by the executors of the applicant's estate: OR
  - If someone else moves into the property with the applicant, without the consent of Wakefield Council: OR
  - If the applicant lets out the property to another party without the prior approval of the Wakefield Council: OR
  - The applicant ceases to live in the property as their principal residence or the property changes type from an owner occupied residential property: OR
  - If any information provided by the applicant for the purposes of the loan proves to be incomplete or inaccurate: OR
  - The applicant takes out an additional charge secured against the property, other than any mortgage or loan taken without the full knowledge and agreement of Wakefield Council at the time the property is purchased: OR
  - The applicant takes out a further advance of monies from a mortgage provider who either already has a charge registered on the property or subsequently takes a charge over the property without obtaining Wakefield Council's written consent.

#### **General Terms**

- 4.14 In the event that the loan does not proceed to completion, the Council and Wakefield Council will not be liable in law or otherwise for any claims, costs or loss.
- 4.15 All assistance in this policy is subject to available financial resources and the final decision to approve or refuse an application for assistance is at the sole discretion of Wakefield Council. In making an application for any assistance under this policy, applicants will be required to sign and accept the conditions. Applicants should seek independent legal and/or financial advice.

#### 5 Applications

- 5.1 Where there are joint owners of a property, only one application can be made.
- 5.2 Loan applications will normally be considered in order of date of receipt of application. If demand exceeds available funds the loans officer will develop a process to prioritise cases with reference to the priority need criteria at paragraph 10.2 of the Homelessness Code of Guidance for Local Authorities (Department for Communities and Local Government, 2006).
- 5.3 Enquiries regarding applications for assistance can be made at:

Breathing Space Homeowner Support Team 01924 302892

Or in writing to: Strategic Housing, Wakefield Council

Wakefield One Wakefield WF1 7EB

E mail: mortgagehelp@wakefield.gov.uk

#### 6 Exceptional cases

6.1 Where an application for assistance is made outside the approved policy, this will be considered by the Lead Officer, Homeowner Support Team and Wakefield Council's Service Director, Strategic Housing, who will determine whether it can be approved or refused on a case by case basis.

#### 7 Payment of the loan

- 7.1 The Loan will be paid directly to the mortgagee (mortgage lender) or client's solicitor where appropriate on completion of the legal charge.
- 7.2 The Loan will not be paid if the property is repossessed or if all the applicants give up residence in the property before payment of the loan has been issued to the mortgagee (mortgage lender).

#### 8 Repayment

- 8.1 The Loan will be an interest free over a loan period of 1,2,3,4 or 5 years, or until repayment in full is received as a result of a property sale or the release of equity, to occur within 12 months, from the date stated on the loan completion letter.
- 8.2 Any sum not repaid within the loan period will accrue interest, which will be charged at 3% above the Bank of England base rate which is current on the date that the fixed period expires.
- 8.3 The Special Cases Panel will consider cases of financial difficulty sympathetically and positively. However any recovery action on failure to repay the loan will be the responsibility of Wakefield Council.
- 8.4 Court action to enforce repayment (which can result in repossession of the property) may be taken by Wakefield Council if the Loan is not repaid at the end of the loan period, or the client defaults on conditions 4.4, 4.7, 4.8 or 4.9.

#### 9 Complaints procedure

9.1 The Council has a complaints procedure. A complaint can be made by contacting:

Email: customerrelations@wakefield.gov.uk

**Tel:** 01924 305757 **Fax:** 01977 724308

Wakefield One Burton Street Wakefield WF1 2EB 9.2 If an applicant wishes to appeal a determination on their loan application, an appeal can be made to:

The Lead Officer, Homeowner Support Team Strategic Housing and Economic Growth Wakefield One Burton Street Wakefield WF1 7EB

Tel: 01924 305892 Fax: 01924 306325

E mail: mortgagehelp@wakefield.gov.uk

#### 10 Definitions

- 10.1 The **Applicant** is defined as a person who occupies the property as their only or main home.
- **10.2 Owner's Interest** is defined as a freehold interest or a leasehold interest of at least 50 years.
- **10.3 First Disposal** means any change or alteration in the proprietorship register at HM Land Registry.
- **10.4 Independent Financial Advice** means advice from an independent financial adviser or whole of market mortgage adviser.
- 10.5 Wakefield Council means Wakefield Metropolitan District Council
- **10.6 The Council** means the local council for the district where the Applicant resides.
- **10.7 The Special Cases Panel** means a panel of representatives from the councils participating in the Breathing Space scheme appointed to make decisions on exceptional cases and recovery of Breathing Space loans.
- **10.8 Exceptional Case** means an individual situation relating to a loan application to be decided in accordance with clause 6.
- **10.9 Exempt Disposal** means a disposal of the property during the loan period to be considered by the panel in their sole discretion as one where repayment of the loan is not required at that time.

#### Appendix 3 – WORKED EXAMPLES

#### Case Study 1

The client is almost 68 and his interest only mortgage is coming to an end in 2 months. He has been told by his lender that he has a shortfall of £9,000. His lender will not extend his borrowing past 70 due to mortgage rule changes (this is in 30 months' time). They have agreed that he can extend his mortgage for 2 years but will apply £3,000 arrangement fees and interest at 6%. This will make his monthly payments £532. His budget shows that after everything has been paid out each month, he has about £100 left over. His monthly mortgage is £350 a month. He cannot afford to repay the mortgage shortfall on his current budget which would leave him vulnerable to homelessness as a result of repossession action.

The project would give him a secured loan of £9,000 to fully redeem his mortgage shortfall. This will stabilise him within his home. The £700 costs of the property valuation fee, legal charges and IFA received are added to his repayment plan. Loan repayments would be calculated on the following basis:

- Surplus income of £100 a month
- Mortgage money that will be released once his mortgage is paid off £350 a month
- potential total available income is £450 a month
- £9,700 divided by 30 months equates to £323 a month.

By paying off the mortgage in full, the client can repay his loan in full in 2 and a half years at £323 a month, and still have an additional £125 in his monthly household budget. He may choose to pay more each month to clear the loan earlier but leaving some additional money in his budget will protect him from cost of living increases. He will be better off as a result, not be facing possible homelessness and the interest free loan can be repaid without adding hardship.

#### Case Study 2

The client is 56 and on low income, having retired due to ill health. She has struggled to make her interest only mortgage payments each month (approximately £110 each month) and although the lender has confirmed some time ago that there is a shortfall on the mortgage, she has not been able to convert her mortgage to a repayment one as she cannot afford to pay any more. She has been told that when the mortgage finishes in 6 months' time, she will still owe £22,000. Her property is worth £170,000. Her circumstances are such that she cannot repay the shortfall and her low income means that she will not be considered for further borrowing. This puts her at risk of repossession and homelessness by her lender.

Because the shortfall is above £15,000, the project cannot redeem the outstanding mortgage in full. However, an offer is made to the lender to give them a minimum payment of £2,200 (10% of the outstanding balance) with scope to increase this to a maximum of £15,000. The lender would have to agree not to take legal action for a period of 12 months. This ensures that costs and charges are not added to the client

account. The client receives independent financial advice through the project and equity release is identified as viable. Because she has a large level of equity, the £700 costs for the property valuation, legal charges and IFA will be passed on to her and are included in her loan application. She will be able to release enough money to fully redeem her mortgage and also repay her Mortgage Breathing Space loan in full, including the £700 costs, plus keep some money back to help her with essential repairs and supplement her income in the longer term. By doing this, she stabilises her finances, and removes the threat of homelessness, meaning she can stay in her home in the longer term.

### Case Study 3

Client is 60 and a 25 year interest only mortgage has come to an end. There is no endowment policy in place and the full outstanding balance is £65,000. The property is worth £80,000. Although the lender could consider extending the mortgage term for another 10 years, the monthly payments will be in the region of £720 per month which the client cannot pay. This puts the client at risk of eviction.

The project would offer the lender a loan payment of £6,500 (10% of the outstanding balance) in return for an agreement not to take legal action for a period of 12 months. The client receives legal advice from an independent financial advisor but equity release is not a viable option, because there is only a small amount of equity in the property, and not enough to redeem the outstanding mortgage. The client would then market the property for sale at a realistic market price. The agreement with the lender would mean that the client has time to sell the property and make a planned move to an alternative and more suitable accommodation without facing legal action and the high costs and charges that repossession brings. The mortgage and loan would be fully redeemed from the proceeds of sale and the client will have maximised the available equity which they can then use. The recovery of the £700 valuation fee, legal charges and IFA costs would be subject to a decision through the Special Cases Panel, given that the client is vulnerable, the final sale price may be less than £80,000 and the client has little equity.

## Impact Assessment Appraisal Tool

The Council and all its services have a number of statutory requirements with regard to residents and those working in or visiting the district. These include:

- The Equality Act 2010 The Public Sector Equality Duty
- The Child Poverty Act 2010 reduce and mitigate effects of child poverty
- The Children Act 2004 Safeguarding Duty
- The Crime and Disorder Act 1998 actively work towards preventing and reducing crime, disorder and anti-social behaviour.
- The Local Government Act 1999 Duty of Best Value
- Health &Social Care Act 2012 improve and protect health and use "all levers at their disposal to improve health and wellbeing"
- Case law is clear that there is a duty to consult where services are changed

This desk-top tool should be used to assess and document any potential <u>negative</u> impacts of service plans or policy reviews and ensure that services have taken all potential negative impacts and risks from a proposal into consideration.

Positive impacts of decisions – and the rationale for those decisions, should be explicitly stated in the main body of the covering report or strategy/plan, in particular within the 'What does this mean for Wakefield?' section of the Council's corporate reporting template. This should include positive health and wellbeing impacts.

This Impact Assessment form should be completed and attached as an appendix to the relevant Cabinet/ Council report for any proposal that affects residents in more than one ward or has a value (including staffing or asset changes) of £250,000 or more.

#### This will include:

- Disposal/purchase/use change of assets
- Changes to levels/patterns of service provision (including service delivery reviews and restructures)
- Changes to funding or grants internally and to external bodies
- Changes to external contracts or procurement decisions

Services should also use this form to document consultation undertaken, in particular with service users and residents, in the development of a proposal and the key feedback and responses arising from that consultation.



## **Impact Assessment**

## **Appraisal Form**

| Directorate:  | Regeneration and Economic Growth  | Service/Team: | Strategic Housing |
|---|---|---------------|-------------------|
| Lead Officer:   | Janet Howley  | Date:         |                   |
| Brief description of proposal   | An extension of the current Mortgage Breathing Space to extend the client groups that can access for help. Currently older homeowners who come to an end of an interest only mortgage where they have no vehicle to repay their mortgage or are facing a shortfall are not eligible for help. The proposal seeks to widen the eligibility to older home owners in this situation where they have limited opportunities to re-finance and would otherwise face homelessness through repossession action by their lender. The proposal will then offer a secured loan designed to stave off legal action and give the owner time to implement a long term solution to their housing difficulty. |               |                   |
| Please circle as appropriate below and provide further information where negative impacts/risks identified. |   |               |                   |

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| Impact on Equality (Public Sector Equality Duty)/Communities**  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Vill any part(s) of proposal<br>negatively impact on people<br>living in, working in or<br>visiting the district? | YES/   |  |  |
|   | Which groups (see overleaf) will be adversely affected and how? - The project is aimed at home owners so it will negatively impact on residents in tenanted properties, who will not be eligible for help.  In addition, the pilot project will be available to older homeowners (usually over 55), as this group has the greatest difficulty in accessing further credit. This is also the earliest age that clients can access equity release. Younger homeowners will not be supported through the pilot project and will be negatively affected by its implementation.  If there is a large scale approach for help current staffing resources and budget might not be sufficent.  What measures are being taken to mitigate/reduce these impacts?  Younger homeowners will be given generic advice and support to help them access other forms of mainstream credit to resolve their housing difficulties. Given that most endowment mortgages have a 25 year term, it is unlikely that there will be many younger homeowners in this situation as most owners who are affected are likely to be older.  Tenants will be signposted to specific help through the Council's Advice Service, CAB and other debt |  |  |
|   | charities such as Step Change.  Benchmarking against throughput for the current loan product, it is not considered that demand will exceed current resources and budget Modest promotion of the Scheme will raise the profile this will be undertaken in a modest and controlled manner.   |  |  |
| Will any part (s)of the proposa   | l have a negative Impa   | act on   |  |
| Community Safety  | NO   |  |  |
| Safeguarding (children and/or adults)   | NO   |  |  |
| The local economy (incl<br>Child Poverty)   | NO   |  |  |
| Health (incl environment and lifestyles)  | NO   |  |  |
| Consultation  |  |  |  |
| Has user/resident consultation<br>being carried out on the<br>proposal?   | NO   | Who was consulted and what were the main responses?  Partners to the current scheme have endorsed the implementation of the pilot project and wish it to proceed.  Officers in finance, legal and procurement have been consulted with to identify any significant barriers to progression and they have indicated that this work does not fall outside the Council's constitution and can be progressed.  Officers in the Adults and Older persons section have been consulted on potential wider applications if the pilot is successful. Ongoing consultation and dissemination of learning and good practice will continue throughout the pilot project. |  |
| Service Director sign-off   |  |  |  |

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## **Guidance**

#### **Community Safety**

Under Section 17 Crime and Disorder Act 1998 the Council has a requirement to 'actively work towards preventing and reducing crime, disorder and anti-social behaviour.' Will anything in the proposal increase the risk of crime/ASB or increasing fear of crime?

#### Safeguarding

The Council and all of its employees have a responsibility to create and maintain a culture that will help deter, prevent and detect inappropriate or abusive behaviour towards children and vulnerable adults who depend on the Council's services. *Will anything in the proposal increase risks to vulnerable children and adults?* 

## Local economy and child poverty

Consider impact on: tackling deprivation and disadvantage; raising aspirations and improving life chances; encouraging and supporting people into employment; supporting business start-up, development and survival; *Will anything in the proposal negatively impact on jobs or quality of life, or reduce support for children experiencing poverty?* 

#### Health

Consider the impacts on the broader range of determinants of health: environmental (e.g. housing, transport, built environment), lifestyles (e.g. physical activity, diet, smoking, drinking). Will anything in the proposal negatively impact on anything that can cause poor health, wellbeing or health inequality?

Within the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) all services are required in the carrying out of their functions to have 'due regard' to:

- 1. Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and other conduct that is prohibited by the Equality Act 2010.
- 2. Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.
- **3.** Foster good relations across all protected characteristics between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.

The PSED covers the following nine 'Protected Characteristics':

## Public Sector Equality Duty

- •Age refers to a person belonging to a particular age or range of ages (e.g. 18 30 year olds), or children/older people etc..
- •Disability A person has a disability if s/he has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on that person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.
- •Gender reassignment The process of transitioning from one gender to another.
- Marriage and civil partnership Marriage is defined as a 'union between a man and a woman'. Civil partners must be treated the same as married couples on a wide range of legal matters.
- Pregnancy and maternity Pregnancy is the condition of being pregnant or expecting a baby. Maternity refers to the period after the birth, and is linked to maternity leave in the employment context.
- •Race -. A group of people defined by their race, colour, and nationality (including citizenship) ethnic or national origins.
- •Religion and belief Religion has the meaning usually given to it but belief includes

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religious and philosophical beliefs including lack of belief (e.g. Atheism).

- •Sex- A man or a woman.
- •Sexual orientation Whether a person's sexual attraction is towards their own sex, the opposite sex or to both sexes.